

# HP-SEE

### **TotalView Debugger**

www.hp-see.eu

**HP-SEE** 

High-Performance Computing Infrastructure for South East Europe's Research Communities

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- Introduction
- Getting started with TotalView
- Primary windows
- Basic functions
- Further functions
- Debugging parallel programs
- Topics not covered
- References and more information

# Introduction



- TotalView is a sophisticated software debugger product from Rogue Wave Software, Inc.
- Used for debugging and analyzing both serial and parallel programs
- Designed for use with complex, multi-process and/or multi-threaded applications
- Supported on most HPC platforms
- Provides both a GUI and command line interface
- Includes memory debugging features
- Supports the usual HPC application languages:
  - □ C/C++
  - □ Fortran77/90
  - Assembler

## Getting started with TotalView (1/2)



- -g flag enables generation of symbolic debug information for most compilers
- Programs compiled without the -g option are allowed to be debugged, however, only the assembler code can be viewed
- Programs should be compiled without optimization flags
- Parallel programs may require additional compiler flags
- □ A variety of ways to start the program
  - totalview (invokes New Program dialog box)
  - totalview filename
  - totalview filename corefile
  - totalview filename -a args
  - totalview filename -remote hostname

[:portnumber]

## Getting started with TotalView (2/2)



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### New Program dialog box

👖 New Progra	m	
83	Program Arguments Standard I/O Parallel	
Start a new	Program:	Browse
process	On host: (local)	Add Host
Attach to process	Enable <u>ReplayEngine</u> Record all program state while running. Roll back your program to any point in the past.	
	☐ Enable memory debugging Track dynamic memory allocations. Catch common errors, leaks, and show reports.	
Open a core file	Halt on memory errors	
ОК	Cancel	Help

#### Numerous options for various means of selecting a program

# Primary Windows (1/7)



### Root Window

III TotalView 8.7.0-7						×	
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Too <u>l</u> s <u>W</u> indow				<u>H</u> elp	ρ		
Ξ	ID 🛆	Rank	Host	Status	Description		
<b>⊕</b> ∘ 1			<local></local>	В	srun (5 active threads)		
<b>⊕</b> - 2	0 hera15.llnl.gov <mark>B</mark>				srun <scatter>.0 (1 active threads)</scatter>		
⊕- <b>3</b>		1 hera15.llnl.govT			srun <scatter>.1 (1 active threads)</scatter>		
<b>⊕</b> . 4	2 hera15.llnl.govT			١T	srun <scatter>.2 (1 active threads)</scatter>		
⊜- 5		3	hera15.llnl.go	١T	srun <scatter>.3 (1 active threads)</scatter>		
	5.1	3	hera15.llnl.go	١T	in _dl_debug_state		
⊕ 6		4	hera15.llnl.go	١T	srun <scatter>.4 (1 active threads)</scatter>		
<b>⊕</b> ⊷ 7		5	hera15.llnl.go	١T	srun <scatter>.5 (1 active threads)</scatter>		
⊕. <b>8</b>		6	hera15.llnl.go	١T	srun <scatter>.6 (1 active threads)</scatter>	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	

- Appears when the TotalView GUI is started
- Overview of all processes and threads, showing assigned ID, MPI rank, host, status and brief description/name for each

# Primary Windows (2/7)

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### Root Window

Process and Thread State Codes

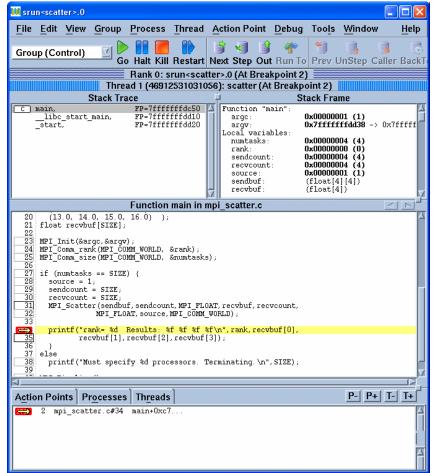
State Code	Description
В	Stopped at a breakpoint
E	Stopped because of an error
Н	In a Hold state
К	Thread is executing within the kernel
М	Mixed - some threads in a process are running and some not
R	Running
Т	Thread is stopped
W	At a watchpoint

# Primary Windows (3/7)



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Process Window



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# Primary Windows (4/7)



### Process Window

For multi-process/multi-threaded programs, every process and every thread may have its own Process Window if desired

#### Comprised of:

- Pull-down menus
- Execution control buttons
- Navigation control buttons
- Process and thread status bars
- 4 "Panes"

# Primary Windows (5/7)



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#### Process Window

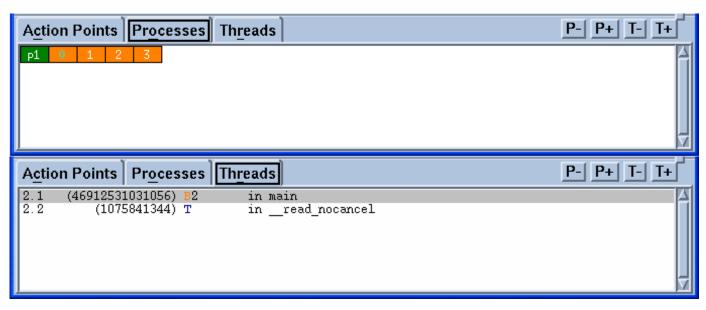
- Stack Trace Pane
  - Shows the call stack of routines the current executable is running
- Stack Frame Pane
  - Displays the local variables, registers and function parameters for the selected executable.
- Source Pane
  - Displays source for the currently selected program or function with program counter, line numbers and any associated action points

# Primary Windows (6/7)



### Process Window

- Action Points, Processes, Threads Pane
  - A multi-function pane. By default, it shows any action points that have been set
  - May also select Processes to show attached processes or Threads to show associated threads



# Primary Windows (7/7)



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### Variable Window

🔢 dotstr - dotprod_mutex - 1.1					
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew Too <u>l</u> s <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> e	lр		
1.1	[	E E 🐶 🖡 🔣 🎸 🕨	≫		
Expression:	dotstr	Address: 0x00601338			
Туре:	DOTDATA				
Field	Туре	Value			
- a	double *	0x00602010 -> 1.00000000000000e+00			
- b double *		0x00602ca0 -> 1.000000000000000e+00			
sum double		4.00000000000000e+02			
🦾 veclen	int	0x0000064 (100)			

- Displays detailed information about selected program variables
- Permits editing, diving, filtering and sorting of variable data

# **Basic Functions (1/4)**



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Viewing Source Code

- Source, Assembler or Both
- To toggle between the different display modes:
  - Process Window > View Menu > Source As
- Displaying Function / File Source Code
  - Finding and displaying the source code:
    - Process Window > View Menu > Lookup Function
- Setting a Breakpoint
  - Most basic of TotalView's action points used to control a program's execution
  - Halts execution at a desired line before executing the line
  - "Boxed" lines are eligible for breakpoints

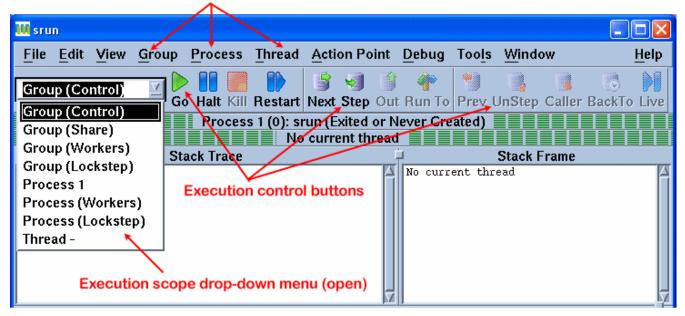
# **Basic Functions (2/4)**



Controlling the execution of a program within TotalView involves two decisions:

- Selecting the appropriate command
- Deciding upon the scope of the chosen command

Execution control drop-down menus (closed)



# **Basic Functions (3/4)**



- Group, Process, Thread Command Scopes
  - For serial programs, execution scope is not an issue because there is only one execution stream
  - For parallel programs, execution scope is critical you need to know which processes and/or threads your execution command will effect

### Viewing and Modifying Data

- TotalView allows you to view variables, registers, areas of memory and machine instructions
- Leaving a Variable Window open allows you to perform runtime monitoring of variables (updated each time program is stopped)
- You can edit variables from within the Variable Window
- The modified variable has effect when the program resumes execution

# **Basic Functions (4/4)**



### Arrays

- □ For array data, TotalView provides several additional features:
  - Displaying array slices
  - Data filtering
  - Data Sorting
  - Array statistics
- Array Viewer
  - To view a multi-dimensional array in "spreadsheet" format:
    - Variable Window > Tools Menu > Array Viewer

# **Further Functions(1/5)**



### Viewing a Core File

- TotalView can be used to examine the core file from a crashed job and examining the state (variables, stack, etc.) of the program when it crashed
  - Check your shell's limit settings, use either the limit (csh/tcsh) or ulimit -a (sh/ksh/bash) command and override if neccessary

#### Code fragments

- Code fragments can include a mixture of:C, Fortran or Assembler language
- TotalView built-in variables (\$tid, \$pid, \$systid ... )
- TotalView built-in statements (\$stop, \$hold, \$stopall ...)
- Code fragments can be entered by two methods:
  - Evaluate Window
  - Evaluation Point

# **Further Functions(2/5)**



### TotalView supports four different types of action points:

- Breakpoint
- Process Barrier Point
- Evaluation Point
  - causes a code fragment to execute when reached
- Watchpoint
  - Monitors when the value stored in memory is modified and either stop execution or evaluates
- Managing action points
  - Deleting Action Points
    - Delete All
  - Disabling / Enabling Action Points

#### Suppress All

Saving / Loading Action Points

# Further Functions(3/5)



### Attaching / Detaching Processes

# In the New Program Dialog Box, select the Attach to process button

🚻 New Progra	m						X
83	Program Arg	guments Sta	ndard I/O	Parallel			
Start a new	Program:	gram: /g/g0/blaise/totalview/a.out				Browse	
process	On host:	(local) I Add H				Add Host	
<i>i</i>	PID: 6896						
Attach to process	Select processes to attach Select All Refresh					Refresh	
	Progra	am I	lost	Local Path	State	PID	PPID 🔼
	- tcsh	hera	552-pub	/bin/	S	25991	25990
Open a	a.out	hera	552-pub /g/	g0/blaise/totalview/	R	6896	25991
core file	Filter by pro	gram or path:	552 Nubi 7 C	- 7/lisouru@e_e4/kis/	D	2007	<u>Clear</u>
ОК	Ī			Cancel			Help

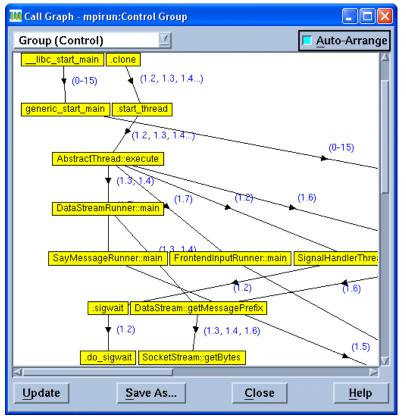
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# **Further Functions(4/5)**



### Displaying Program's Call Graph

Process Window > Tools Menu > Call Graph



# **Further Functions(5/5)**

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- Some other functions and settings
  - Setting Executable Command Arguments
  - Setting Source Code Search Paths
  - Setting stdin, stdout, and stderr
  - Setting Preferences
  - Signal Handling
  - Debugging Memory Problems
  - Visualizing Array Data
  - Command Line Interpreter (CLI)





- Demonstration on topics covered so far using simple serial code
  - Starting TotalView
  - Primary windows
  - Basic Functions
  - Setting Evaluation Points
  - Attach to a hung process
  - Debugg the hung process

## Debugging Parallel Programs (1/8)



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### Process/Thread Groups

- Types of P/T Groups:
  - Control Group:
    - Contains all processes and threads created by the program across all processors
  - □ Share Group:
    - Contains all of the processes and their threads, that are running the same executable
  - Workers Group:
    - Contains all threads that are executing user code
  - Lockstep Group:
    - Includes all threads in a Share Group that are at the same PC (program counter) address

# Debugging Parallel Programs (2/8)



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### Debugging Threaded Codes

- Finding Thread Information
  - Root Window
  - Process Window
- Selecting a Thread
  - Thread Navigation Buttons
- Execution Control for Threaded Programs
  - Three Scopes of Influence
  - Synchronous vs. Asynchronous
  - Thread-specific Breakpoints

### Debugging Parallel Programs (3/8)



### Viewing and Modifying Thread Data

- Laminated Variables
  - In a parallel program, the same variable will usually have multiple instances across threads and/or processes
  - Laminating a variable means to display all occurrences simultaneously in a Variable Window
  - Laminated variables can include scalars, arrays, structures and pointers
  - Variable Window > View Menu > Show Across > Thread

### Debugging Parallel Programs (4/8)



- Thread-based
- Setting the number of threads
  - Default: usually equal to the number of cpus on the machine
  - OMP\_NUM\_THREADS environment variable at run time
  - OMP\_SET\_NUM\_THREADS routine within the source code
- Code transformation
- Master thread vs. Worker threads
- Execution Control
  - You can not step into or out of a PARALLEL region
  - Set a breakpoint within the parallel region and allow the process to run to it
- Manager Threads

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## Debugging Parallel Programs (5/8)



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### Debugging MPI Codes

- Multi-Process
- MPI manager process
  - Typically, MPI programs run under a "manager" process, such as poe, srun, prun, mpirun, dmpirun, etc.
- Automatic process acquisition

### MPI features similar to OpenMP

- Selecting an MPI Process
  - Process Navigation Buttons
- Controlling MPI Process Execution
  - MPI task execution can be controlled at the individual process level, or collectively as a "group"
- Starting and Stopping Processes

### Holding and Releasing Processes

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# Debugging Parallel Programs (6/8)



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### Breakpoints and Barrier Points

Individual breakpoint and barrier point behavior can be customized via the Action Point Properties Dialog Box

Action Point Properties	Action Point Properties			
♦ Breakpoint ♦ Barrier ♦ Evaluate ID: 3				
When Hit, Stop	When Hit, Stop   When Done, Stop			
Location: /g/g0/blaise/mpi/mpi_array.c#71 Addresses	Location: /g/g0/blaise/mpi/mpi_array.c#74 Addresses			
<b>Enable action point</b>	<b>Enable action point</b>			
Plant in share group	→ 🗖 Plant in share group			
OK <u>D</u> elete Cancel Help	OK <u>D</u> elete Cancel Help			

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# Debugging Parallel Programs (7/8)



- Process Window > Tools Menu > Message Queue
- The Message Queue Window
- Types of Messages Displayed:
  - Pending receives non-blocking and blocking.
  - Pending sends non-blocking and blocking.
  - Unexpected messages messages sent to this process which do not yet have a matching receive operation.
- Message Queue Graph
  - Process Window > Tools Menu > Message Queue Graph

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# Debugging Parallel Programs (8/8)



### Debugging Hybrid Codes

- Hybrid codes are programs that use more than one type of parallelism
- Combines technics used in threaded, OpenMP and MPI debugging

### Attaching to a Running Batch Job

If you have a batch job that is already running, you can start TotalView on one of the cluster's login nodes and then attach to it





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#### OpenMP example

- Specify number of threads
- Set breakpoint inside parallel region
- Display a variable's value across all threads

### MPI example

- Start TotalView using mpirun and executable
- Set a barrier point
- Display variables across processes

## **Topics not covered**



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### CLI

- Setting up remote debugging sessions
- Memory debugging
- Replay engine
- and more...

### **References and More Information**



- The most useful documentation and reference material is from TotalView's vendor site: <u>http://www.roguewave.com/</u>
- Online tutorial: /https://computing.llnl.gov/tutorials/totalview/

### **TotalView on PARADOX**

Login to ui.ipb.ac.rs via ssh using -X flag
\$ ssh <username>@ui.ipb.ac.rs -X
TotalView is located at the following path:

/opt/toolworks/totalview.8.9.0-2/bin/totalview